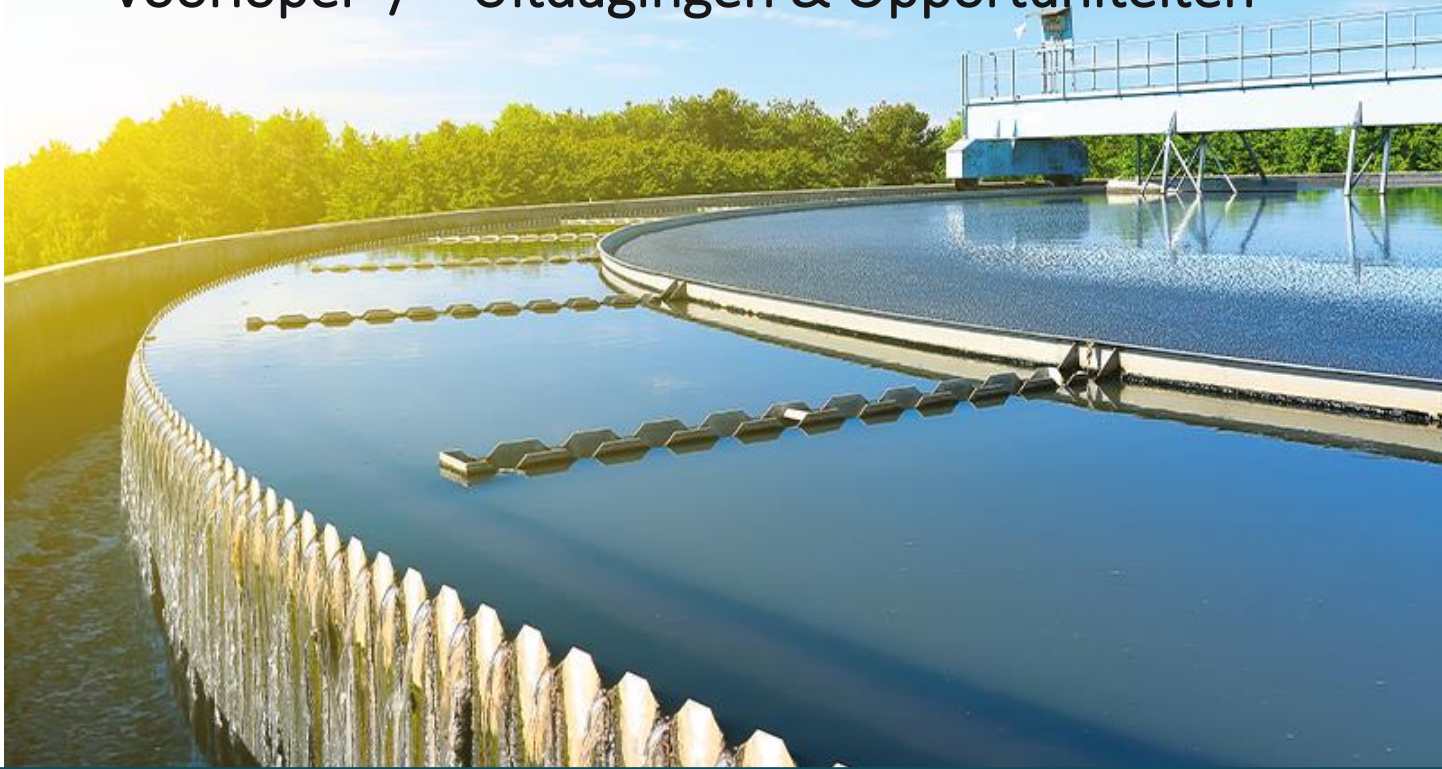




Struviet als Circulaire Meststof:

Voorloper / Uitdagingen & Opportuniteiten



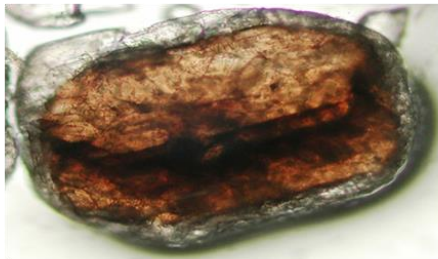
# Technische: Struviet Technologie

$\text{NH}_4\text{MgPO}_4 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$  Slecht water oplosbaar (pH > 7,0 - 8,5)  
 Dichthedi 1,7  
 Kristal Structuur

$\text{NH}_4\text{-N}$   $\text{PO}_4\text{-P}$   $\text{Mg}^{2+}$  pH gedreven



1. Phosphorus return load
2. Pipe clogging / scaling issues
3. Struvite grit accumulation
4. Dewatering issues Bio-P
5. Stabilizing Bio-P process



Meststof eigenschappen goed gedocumenteerd en gekend  
 Eveneens goed Vlamvertrager  
 Meest Voorkomend  $\text{NH}_4\text{MgPO}_4 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$  Minder gekend (groot potentieel)  $\text{KMgPO}_4 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$



<https://www.phosphorusplatform.eu/links-and-resources/p-facts>

# Bio-Stru®

Sustainable Circular Fertilizer



# Struviet als Alternatieve Meststof

- Minerale Meststoffen = Hoge Milieu Impact


Geen P mijnen in EU  
Fosfor = kritische materialen Lijst EU

- Kwaliteit afhankelijk type Mg-zout
- Struviet “goede meststof eigenschappen” maar “sechte” meststof

**MgNH<sub>4</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>·6H<sub>2</sub>O**    5,7% N    12,6% P    10% Mg    0% K

**MgKPO<sub>4</sub>·6H<sub>2</sub>O**            0% N    11,4% P    8,7% Mg    17,7% K

Lage zoutstress

- Recent onderzoek = struviet versus mineraal = equivalent
- Verschil = traagwerkend = beduidend minder 

# 2030 Targets for sustainable food production

## PESTICIDES



Reduce the overall use and risk of chemical and hazardous pesticides

## NUTRIENT LOSSES



Reduce nutrient losses by 50% whilst retaining soil fertility, resulting in 20% less fertilisers

## ANTIMICROBIALS



Reduce sales of antimicrobials for farmed animals and aquaculture

## ORGANIC FARMING



Increase the percentage of organically farmed land in the EU

#EUFarm2Fork #EUGreenDeal



### Abstract

Nitrous oxide ( $N_2O$ ) is an effective ozone-depleting substance and an important greenhouse gas in the atmosphere. Fertilization is a major factor that dictates agricultural  $N_2O$  emissions. In this work, as opposed to the commonly-seen highly-soluble nitrogen (N) fertilizers, the feasibility of using struvite as a slow-releasing N-fertilizer and its mechanism for mitigating  $N_2O$  emissions were investigated. During the 149-d field cultivation of water spinach (*Ipomoea Aquatica* Forsk.), struvite exhibited comparable crop yields, with a 40.8–58.1%  $N_2O$  reduction compared with commercial fertilizers. In addition, struvite fertilization increased soil bacterial diversity and denitrification genes levels (*narG*, *nirS*, *nirK*, *norB* and *nosZ*) effectively, but decreased nitrification genes contents (*amoA*). By conducting partial least-square path modeling, it was found that the use of struvite would satisfy the soil N control and pH regulation, which altered N-

## Struvite is a Controlled Release Fertilizer



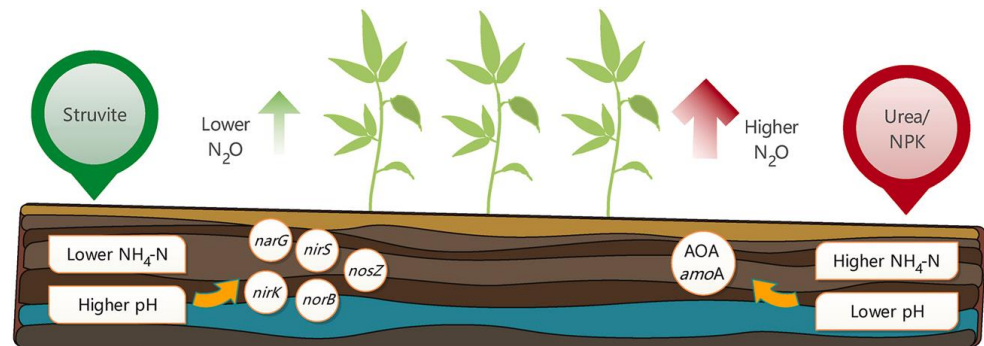
Yellow: pH<5.2 (Bromocresol purple)



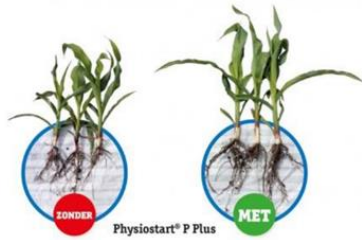
(Scherer)

- Roots „seek“ for nutrients in soils (this is true for N, P).
- Roots concentrate around the struvite pellet.
- By acidification, the roots solubilize the struvite and take nutrients up efficiently.

Struvite pellet after 4 months



# Phyto-start (Timac)



## How to turn Struvite into a Fertilizer Product

**Pelletizer**



**Granulator**



# Slow-release fertiliser

- Can be used as a precision fertilizer and in organic farming:



## Struvite is a Controlled Release Fertilizer

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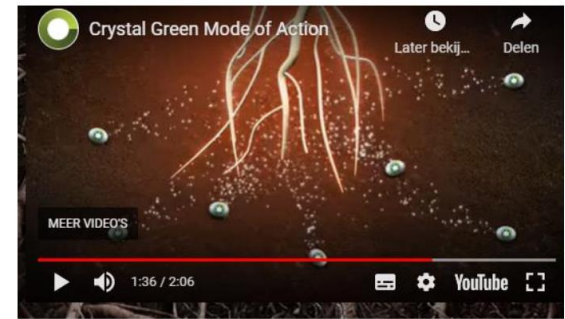
Struvite pellet after 4 months





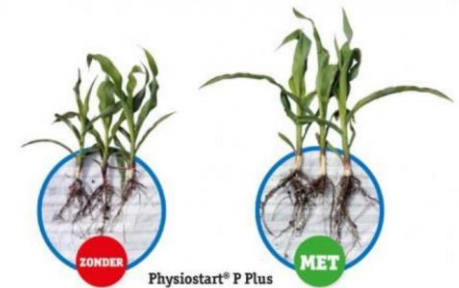
# Struvite as an Alternative Fertilizer

- Root induced organic acid release  
Nitrification by soil microbiota



<https://crystalgreen.com/>

- Phyto-start (Timac)



- Need for Market-pull product



# Struvite as a 'feed material'

- Further processing of struvite can add value.



## How to turn Struvite into a Fertilizer Product

**Pelletizer**



**Granulator**



# Wetgeving 2019/1009 - EU Richtlijn

## An EU fertiliser product

### Struviet

#### Voorwaarden vaste minerale macronutriënt meststof (Annex I)

PFC 1(C)(I)(a)(ii):

Minimum concentrations\*

- 3 % of total nitrogen (N),
- 3 % of total phosphorus pentoxide ( $P_2O_5$ ),
- 3 % of total potassium oxide ( $K_2O$ ),
- 1,5% of total magnesium oxide (MgO),
- 1,5 % by mass of total calcium oxide (CaO),
- 1,5 % by mass of total sulphur trioxide ( $SO_3$ ), or
- 1% of total sodium oxide ( $Na_2O$ ).

Total sodium oxide ( $Na_2O$ ) < 40 %.

The sum of all declared macronutrient contents shall be at least 18 % by mass.

#### Voorwaarden CMC<sub>12</sub>: geprecipiteerde fosfaten (Annex II)

CMC<sub>12</sub>

**Struviet uit afvalwater is toegestaan** (zowel municipaal als industrieel)

The precipitated phosphate salts shall contain:

- phosphorus pentoxide ( $P_2O_5$ ) > 16 % of the dry matter content;
- Organic carbon (C<sub>org</sub>) < 3 % of the dry matter content;
- <3 g/kg dry matter of macroscopic impurities above 2 mm (organic matter, glass, stones, metal and plastics);
- <5 g/kg dry matter of the sum of the macroscopic impurities referred.

# Wetgeving / CE Markering !!

- Precipitatie in afzonderlijke reactor.
- Pathogenen

Micro-organisms to be tested	Sampling plans			Limit
	n	c	m	M
<i>Salmonella</i> spp.	5	0	0	Absence in 25 g or 25 ml
<i>Escherichia coli</i> or <i>Enterococcaceae</i>	5	5	0	1 000 in 1 g or 1 ml
<i>Clostridium perfringens</i>	5	5	0	100 CFU in 1 g or 1 ml
<i>Ascaris</i> sp. viable eggs	5	0	0	Absence in 25 g or 25 ml

- Droge stof meting bij 40°C
- Zware metalen

Regulated metals (mg/kg)*	EU Fertilizer limit
Zn	1500
Cu	600
Ni	100
Cr VI	2
Cd	60
Pb	120
Hg	1
As (inorg.)	40

# Bio-Stru veldproeven -Mais

## THE USE OF STRUVITE AS A FERTILIZER



**TIMAC AGRO** has turned the "slow fertilizer" **STRUVITE** into a **STARTER FERTILIZER** for maize.

# Struviet testen – Singapore

Ostara BioStru-S BioStru-L CK



Ostara BioStru-S BioStru-L CK



Ostara BioStru-S BioStru-L CK



- Ostara was purchase from the dealer shop in Taiwan
- Use same gram of Ostara, BioStru-S and -L (2 different particle size) and directly mix with pak choy roots.
- CK, water + foliar fertilizer 14-15-10 1 time on 10 Mar.
- We test 2 weeks, there is no harmful to roots.

# SWOT Analyse



# NuReSys®

Contact



[aa@nuresys.com](mailto:aa@nuresys.com)

